

**SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**

**1.1 Product identifier**

Product name 1, 2-DICHLOROETHANE  
CAS-No. 107-06-2  
Product code AR1038, IR1038, LC1038, RP1038

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Identified uses Chemical for analysis and production.

**1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

Company ChemSupply Australia Pty Ltd  
38 - 50 Bedford Street, Gillman SA 5013 Australia  
Telephone number (08) 8440 2000

**1.4 Emergency Telephone Number**

Emergency phone  
Monday - Friday 8:30am - 5:00pm ACST (08) 8440 2000  
After hours: CHEMCALL 1800127406 / +6449179888

**1.5 Manufacturer**

Company RCI LABSCAN LIMITED.  
24 Rama 1 Road, Pathumwan, Bangkok 10330 Thailand

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

**2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture**

**Classification according to WHS Regulations (Australia)**

Flammable liquids (Category 2), H225  
Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4), H302  
Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 3), H331  
Skin irritation (Category 2), H315  
Eye irritation (Category 2), H319  
Carcinogenicity (Category 1B), H350  
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3), Respiratory system, H335  
For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

**2.2 Label elements**

Pictogram



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
H302 Harmful if swallowed.  
H315 Causes skin irritation.  
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.  
H331 Toxic if inhaled.  
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.  
H350 May cause cancer.

Precautionary statement(s)	
P203	Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P242	Use non-sparking tools.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
P261	Avoid breathing vapours.
P264	Wash hand thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P301 + P317	IF SWALLOWED: Get medical help.
P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty water.
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse affected areas with water [or shower].
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P316	Get emergency medical help immediately.
P330	Rinse mouth.
P332 + P317	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical help.
P337 + P317	If eye irritation persists: Get medical help.
P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P403 + P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405	Store locked up.

**2.3 Other hazards** None

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1 Substances

Synonyms 1, 2-Dichloroethane, Dichloro-1, 2-ethane, Ethane dichloride, Ethylene chloride, Ethylene dichloride, 1, 2-Ethylene dichloride, Glycol dichloride

CAS-No	EC-No	EC-Index-No	Formula	Molecular Weight	Weight %
107-06-2	203-458-1	602-012-00-7	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	98.96 g/mol	<=100

#### Hazardous ingredients according to WHS Regulations (Australia)

Component	Concentration	Classification
<b>1, 2-Dichloroethane</b>		
CAS-No 107-06-2 EC-No 203-458-1 EC-Index-No 602-012-00-7	<=100%	Flammable liquids (Category 2), H225 Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4), H302 Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 3), H331 Skin irritation (Category 2), H315 Eye irritation (Category 2), H319 Carcinogenicity (Category 1B), H350 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3), Respiratory system, H335

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Inhalation	Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapors. Keep patient warm. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Apply artificial respiration only if patient is not breathing or under medical supervision. No artificial aspiration mouth to mouth or mouth to nose. Use suitable instruments/apparatus.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected skin with soap and water. If signs of poisoning appear, treat as for inhalation. . Obtain medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated combustible material, e.g. clothing ignites more readily and burns fiercely.
Eye contact	If the substance has got into the eyes, immediately wash out with plenty of water at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Keep patient warm. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Apply artificial respiration only if patient is not breathing or under medical supervision. No artificial aspiration mouth to mouth or mouth to nose. Use suitable instruments/apparatus. Obtain medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in section 2.2 and section 11

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

After swallowing: immediately make victim drink plenty of water. Subsequently administer: Activate charcoal 20-40 g in 10% slurry. Laxative: Sodium Sulfate 1 tablespoon/250 ml of water. Indications for the doctor: Gastric lavage. No milk, No castor oil, No alcohol.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Extinguish with carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Flash back possible over considerable distance.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

### 5.4 Hazchem Code

2YE

### 5.5 Further information

Standard procedure for chemical fires. Take measures to prevent electrostatic charging. Prevent firefighting water from entering surface water or groundwater.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Wear a positive-pressure supplied-air respirator, flame retardant antistatic protective clothing. Shut off leaks if without risk. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

**6.2 Environmental precautions**

Contain or absorb leaking liquid with sand or earth, consults an expert. Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and workpits. If substance has entered a water course or sewer or contaminated soil, advise police.

**6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

Spillage: May react with combustible substances creating fire or explosion hazard and formation of toxic fumes. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel or chemical absorbent pads). Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and workpits; vapor may create explosive atmosphere. Transfer to covered steel drums. Dispose of promptly.

**6.4 Reference to other sections**

For disposal see **Section 13**.

**SECTION 7: Handling and storage****7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

Keep container tightly closed. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not empty into drains.

**7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Keep tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep out of direct sunlight and away from incompatible materials. Store in original container. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

**7.3 Specific end use(s)**

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated.

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection****8.1 Control parameters****Exposure limit (Safe Work Australia)**

TWA: 10 ppm (40 mg/m<sup>3</sup>)  
STEL: Not Available

**8.2 Exposure controls****Appropriate engineering controls**

The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Ventilation hoods and fans required when working with organic solvents or in hot melt applications.

**Individual protection measures (Personal protective equipment, PPE)****Eye/face protection**

Goggles giving complete protection to eyes.

**Skin protection**

Chemical resistant apron / flame retardant antistatic protective clothing, heavy duty work shoes.

Handle with gloves

- Full contact wears gloves from viton material.
- Splash contact wears gloves from polychloroprene material.

The select protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686 EEC and standard EN 374 derived from it.

**Respiratory protection**

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Required when vapor/aerosols are

generated filter A (EN 141 or EN 14387).

#### Environmental exposure controls

Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and workpits.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance: From	Liquid
: Color	Colorless
Odour	Characteristic
Odour Threshold	Not Available
pH	<1 at 25°C
Melting point/range	-35 °C
Boiling point/range	83.5 °C at 1013 hPa
Flash point	13 °C (closed cup)
Evaporation rate	Not Available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Available
Explosion limits: lower	6 % (V)
upper	11.4 % (V)
Vapor Pressure	87 hPa at 20°C
Relative Vapor Density	3.4
Density	1.250 g/ml at 20°C
Water solubility	8.7 g/l at 20°C
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	log Pow: 1.45
Auto-Ignition temperature	412.6 - 440 °C
Decomposition Temperature	Not Available
Viscosity	0.82 - 0.84 mPa.s at 20°C
Explosive properties	Not Explosive
Oxidizing properties	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

Heat- sensitive, light- sensitive, unsuitable working materials: various plastic, rubber.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Risk of explosion in contact with alkali metals, metal powders, nitrogen dioxide.

The substance can react dangerously with nitric acid, oxidizing agents, alkali amides (like sodium amide), chlorine.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Warming, flames, sparks and exposure to light.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Alkali metals, alkaline earth metals, aluminium in powder form, alkali amides, nitric acid, nitrogen oxide, oxidizing agents, chlorine, metal powders.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hydrochloric chloride gas, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. (Hazardous decomposition products from under fire condition).

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

LD<sub>50</sub> (oral, rat): 670 mg/kg

LC<sub>50</sub> (inhalation, rat): 7.2 mg/l/4 h

LD<sub>50</sub> (dermal, rabbit): 2800 mg/kg

#### Acute oral toxicity

Irritations of mucous membranes in the mouth, pharynx, oesophagus and gastrointestinal tract.

#### Acute inhalation toxicity

Irritations of the mucous membranes, coughing and dyspnoea.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Irritation

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Severe irritations to eyes.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not Available

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Ames test with *S. typhimurium* is positive.

#### Carcinogenicity

Animal experiments performed under conditions comparable with the workplace situation have shown the substance to be carcinogenic.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not Available

#### Teratogenicity

Not Available

#### Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure

Not Available

#### Aspiration hazard

Not Available

#### Further information

After swallowing irritations of mucous membranes in the mouth, pharynx, oesophagus and gastrointestinal tract.

Systemic effects: CNS disorders, dizziness, headache, tiredness, coma, respiratory paralysis, death.

Absorption may result in damage of liver and kidneys.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish

LC<sub>50</sub> *P.promelas*: 116 mg/l /96h (in soft water)

Toxicity to daphnia

EC<sub>50</sub> *Daphnia magna*: 155 mg/l /48h (in soft water).

and other aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to algae

IC<sub>5</sub> Desmodosmus subspicatus: 412 mg/l/7d

Toxicity to bacteria

EC<sub>5</sub> Ps. Putida: 135 mg/l /16d

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability Slightly Biodegradable.

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

log Pow: 1.45

No appreciable bioaccumulation potential is to be expected  
(log Po/w 1-3)

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

Not Available

## 12.5 Other adverse effects

Do not allow to enter waters, waste water or soil.

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods

### Product

There are no uniform EC Regulations for the disposal of chemicals or residues. Chemical residues generally count as special waste. The disposal of the latter is regulated in the EC member countries through corresponding law and regulations. We recommend that you contact either the authorities in charge or approved waste disposal companies which will advise you on how to dispose of special waste or burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber but exert extra care in igniting as this material is highly flammable. Observe all federal, state, and local environmental regulations.

### Contaminated packaging

Disposal in compliance with official regulations. Handle contaminated packaging as hazardous waste in the same way of the substance itself. If not officially specified differently, non-contaminated packaging may be treated like household waste or recycled.

# SECTION 14: Transport information

## Land Transport (ADG Code)

UN Number	1184
UN proper shipping name	ETHYLENE DICHLORIDE
Transport hazard class(es)	3 ( 6.1 )
Hazchem Code	2YE
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No
Special precautions for user	Yes

## Sea transport (IMDG)

UN Number	1184
UN proper shipping name	ETHYLENE DICHLORIDE
Transport hazard class(es)	3 ( 6.1 )
Packing group	II
Marine pollutant	No
Special precautions for user	Yes
EmS	F-E S-D

## Air transport (IATA)

UN Number	1184
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UN proper shipping name	ETHYLENE DICHLORIDE
Transport hazard class(es)	3 ( 6.1 )
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No
Special precautions for user	No

**River transport (AND/ADNR)**

(Not examined)

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

This safety datasheet complies with the requirements of Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)

**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

<b>Regulatory Information</b>	Listed in the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).
<b>Poisons Schedule</b>	S6

**15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment**

For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out.

**SECTION 16: Other information****Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3**

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H350	May cause cancer.

**Recommended restrictions**

Take notice of labels and safety data sheets for the working. Chemicals Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge.

**Reference**

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS).

Labelling according to EC Directives 67/548 EEC and Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Transportation information according to Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Model Regulations. Twelfth revised edition. United Nations.

Institute for Occupational Safety and Health of the German Social Accident Insurance in Sankt Augustin/Germany,

Source: IFA for Databases on hazardous substances (GESTIS).

**Further information**

Contact ChemSupply Australia Pty Ltd. (08) 8440 2000.

**Revision Date**

01/06/2022

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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process unless specified in the text.