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Infosafe No™ 1CH89 RE-ISSUED by ACR Issue Date : October 2020

Product Name ETHANOL Undenatured

Classified as hazardous

#### 1. Identification

**GHS Product** 

ETHANOL Undenatured

**Identifier** 

Telephone/Fax

AUSTRALIAN CHEMICAL REAGENTS (ACR) (ABN 19 008 264 211) **Company Name** 

38 - 50 Bedford Street Gillman Address

S.A. 5013 Australia Tel: (08) 8440 2000 Fax: (08) 8440 2001

**Emergency phone** 

number

Number

CHEMCALL 1800 127 406 (Australia) / +64-4-917-9888 (International)

Recommended use of Solvent for resins, fatty acids, oils, hydrocarbons; extraction medium;

manufacture of acetaldehyde, acetic acid, ethylene, butadiene, 2-ethyl the chemical and hexanol, dyes, pharmaceuticals, elastomers, detergents, cleaning preparations, restrictions on use

surface coatings, cosmetics, explosives, antifreeze, beverages, antiseptic, gasohol, yeast-growth medium, octane booster in gasoline and laboratory

reagent.

Other Names Name Product Code

> Ethyl alcohol Ethanol 90% v/v 3096 Ethanol 70% v/v 0623 Ethanol 60% v/v 3225

Other Information

+61 08 8440 2000 EMERGENCY CONTACT NUMBER: Business hours: 8:30am to 5:00pm, Monday to Friday.

Australian Chemical Reagents (ACR) does not warrant that this product is suitable for any use or purpose. The user must ascertain the suitability of the product before use or application intended purpose. Preliminary testing of the product before use or application is recommended. Any reliance or

purported reliance upon Australian Chemical Reagents (ACR) with respect to any skill or judgement or advice in relation to the suitability of this product of

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## 2. Hazard Identification

Eye Damage/Irritation: Category 2A GHS classification of

the

Flammable Liquids: Category 2

substance/mixture

DANGER Signal Word (s)

Hazard Statement (s) H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Flame, Exclamation mark, Pictogram (s)





**Precautionary** statement -Prevention

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/.../equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.





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P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face

protection.

Precautionary statement – Response

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant

foam for extinction.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Precautionary statement – Storage

Precautionary

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

statement – Disposal

#### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredients	Name	CAS	Proportion	
	Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	25-100 %	
	Water	7732-18-5	0-75 %	

#### 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area to fresh air immediately. Apply

artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, give

oxygen. Get medical aid if cough or other symptoms appear.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water immediately, repeat until all traces of

product have been removed. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Seek medical advice if

effects persist.

**Skin** Wash affected areas with copious quantities of water immediately. Remove

contaminated clothing and wash before re-use. If swelling, redness,

blistering or irritation occurs seek medical advice.

Eye contact Immediately irrigate with copious quantity of water for at least 15 minutes.

Eyelids to be held open. If rapid recovery does not occur, obtain medical

attention

First Aid Facilities Maintain eyewash fountain and safety shower in work area.

the patient.

Other Information For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (Phone eg Australia 13 1126;

New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor at once.

#### 5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazards from Combustion

Oxides of carbon.

Products
Specific Methods

cific Methods Caution: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

Small fire: Use foam, dry chemical, CO2 or water spray.

Large fire: Use foam, fog or water spray - Do not use water jets.

If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers

with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

HIGHLY FLAMMABLE: These products have a low flash point - Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames at ambient temperatures. Vapours will form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours will travel to source of ignition and flash back. Fire may produce irritating, poisonous and/or corrosive gases. Containers may explode when heated. Many liquids are lighter than water. Many vapours are heavier than air and will collect in low or confined areas

(drains, basements, tanks). Vapours from run-off may create an explosion hazard.

Hazchem Code •2YE

Precautions in connection with Fire

SCBA and structural firefighter's uniform may provide limited protection. Fully-encapsulating, gas-tight suits should be worn for maximum protection.





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### 6. Accidental release measures

#### Spills & Disposal

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flame) within at least 50m - All equipment used in handling the product must be earthed. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Stop leak if safe to do so - Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas. Vapour-suppressing foam may be used to control vapours. Absorb spill with earth, sand or other non-combustible material - Use clean, non-sparking tools to collect material and place it in loosely-covered metal or plastic containers for later disposal. Water spray may be used to knock down or divert vapour clouds.

SEEK EXPERT ADVICE ON HANDLING AND DISPOSAL.

Personal Precautions Evacuate the area of all non-essential personnel. Remove ignition sources

**Personal Protection** 

Wear protective clothing specified for normal operations (see Section 8)

### 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for Safe** Handling

Do not breathe vapour. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated exposure. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

**Conditions for safe** storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place Keep away from heat and other sources of ignition. Store away from oxidizing agents. Store away from strong acids. Keep containers securely sealed and protected against physical damage. Do not store in pits or basements where vapours may become entrapped. Do not store in aluminium containers. Take precautionary measures against static electricity discharges.

**Storage Regulations** 

Refer Australian Standard AS 1940-2017 'The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids'.

#### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational	Name	STEL	TWA
exposure limit values			

mg/m3 <u>mg/</u>m3 Footnote ppm ppm Ethyl alcohol 1880 1000

#### Other Exposure **Information**

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

A time weighted average (TWA) has been established for Ethyl alcohol (Safe Work Australia) of 1,880  $mg/m^3$ , (1,000 ppm). The exposure value at the TWA is the average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal 8 hour working day for a 5 day working week.

### **Appropriate** engineering controls

Maintain the concentrations values below the TWA. This may be achieved by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods.

### Respiratory Protection

Where ventilation is not adequate, respiratory protection may be required. Avoid breathing vapours or mists. Select and use respirators in accordance with AS 1716 - Respiratory Protective Devices and be selected in accordance with AS 1715 - Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices. When mists or vapours exceed the exposure standards then the use of the following is recommended: Approved respirator with organic vapour and dust/mist filters. Filter capacity and respirator type depends on exposure

### **Eve Protection**

The use of a face shield, chemical goggles or safety glasses with side shield protection as appropriate. Must comply with Australian Standards AS 1337 and be selected and used in accordance with AS 1336.

## **Hand Protection**

Wear gloves of impervious material conforming to AS/NZS 2161: Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance. Final choice of appropriate glove type will vary according to individual circumstances. This can include methods of handling, and engineering controls as determined by appropriate risk assessments. Avoid skin contact when removing gloves from hands, do not touch the gloves outer surface. Dispose of gloves as hazardous





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waste.

**Personal Protective Equipment** 

Personal protective equipment should not solely be relied upon to control risk and should only be used when all other reasonably practicable control measures do not eliminate or sufficiently minimise risk. Guidance in selecting personal protective equipment can be obtained from Australian, Australian/New Zealand

or other approved standards.

Safety boots in industrial situations is advisory, foot protection should Footwear

comply with AS 2210, Occupational protective footwear - Guide to selection,

care and use. Recommendation: Rubber boots.

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing. Clean clothing or protective **Body Protection** 

clothing should be worn, preferably with an apron. Clothing for protection against chemicals should comply with AS 3765 Clothing for Protection Against

Hazardous Chemicals.

Always wash hands before smoking, eating or using the toilet. Wash **Hygiene Measures** 

contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storing or

re-using.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Liquid **Form** 

Colourless, transparent, volatile liquid. **Appearance** 

Ethereal vinous odour. Odour

-117.3 °C - 100% **Melting Point** 

-114 °C - 95% 78.3 °C - 100%

**Boiling Point** 78 °C − 95%

Solubility in Water Miscible.

**Solubility in Organic** 

Miscible with methanol, ether, chloroform and acetone.

**Solvents** 

0.7893 - 100% **Specific Gravity** 0.8042 - 95%

0.8676 - 70% 70 - 100%

**Volatile Component** 

**Flash Point** 

9 °C - 100% 12.7 °C - 95%

Flammability HIGHLY FLAMMABLE. Keep away from heat, sparks or naked flames. Use flameproof

equipment and fittings to prevent flammability risk. Electrically link and ground metal containers for transfer of the product to prevent accumulation of static electricity. Ensure adequate ventilation to prevent an explosive vapour-air mixture. Vapours will travel considerable distances to sources of

ignition.

422 °C - 95% **Auto-Ignition** 

**Temperature** 

3.5% - 100% Flammable Limits -

19% - 100% Flammable Limits -

Upper

46.08 Molecular Weight

**Other Information** Taste: Pungent taste.

10. Stability and reactivity

Stable under normal use conditons. **Chemical Stability** 

Heat, sparks, flame and build-up of static electricity. **Conditions to Avoid** 

Oxidising agents, peroxides, acids, acid chlorides, acid anhydrides, alkali Incompatible

metals and ammonia. Materials





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Hazardous Decomposition May liberate toxic fumes in fire producing carbon monoxide and or carbon

dioxide.

**Products** 

Hazardous Will not occur.

**Polymerization** 

11. Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity - Oral LD50 (rat): 10,470 mg/kg LC50 (rat): 124.7 mg/L 4 hour **Acute Toxicity -**

Inhalation

Ingestion May cause nausea, vomiting, headache, dizziness, gastric irritation and CNS

depression.

Irritating to the mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Risk of absorption. Inhalation

May cause headaches, dizziness, nausea and possible CNS effects.

May cause irritation. Will have a degreasing action on the skin. Skin

May cause irritation and watering. High concentrations of vapours may cause Eye

irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation Not classified based on available information.

Not classified based on available information. **Skin Sensitisation** Germ cell Not classified based on available information.

mutagenicity

Ethanol [61-17-5] in alcoholic beverages are evaluated in the IARC Monographs Carcinogenicity

(Vol. 96) as Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans, (based on effects of drinking

alcoholic beverages).

Safe Work Australia does not classify ethanol as a carcinogen.

Reproductive **Toxicity** 

Not classified based on available information.

STOT-single

Not classified based on available information.

exposure

Not classified based on available information. STOT-repeated

exposure

Though it is rapidly oxidized in the body and is therefore non-cumulative, **Health Hazard** 

ingestion of even moderate amounts causes lowering of inhibitions, often succeeded by dizziness, headache, or nausea. Larger intake causes loss of motor nerve control, shallow respiration, and in extreme cases unconsciousness and even death. Degree of intoxication is determined by concentration of

alcohol in the brain. Of primary importance is the fact that intake of moderate amounts together with barbiturates or similar drugs is extremely dangerous and may even be fatal.

Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause chronic dermatitis. May cause **Chronic Effects** 

liver and kidney disorders.

No evidence of mutagenic properties. Mutagenicity

12. Ecological information

Readily biodegradable. Persistence and Degree of elimination: 94% degradability

log P(o/w): -0.32.Mobility

Low probability of bioaccumulation (log P(o/w) < 1). Bioaccumulative

Further ecologic data: **Potential** 

BOD5: 0.93 - 1.67 g/g (anhydrous substance); COD: 1.99 g/g (anhydrous substance);

ThOD: 2.10 g/g (anhydrous substance).

**Short Summary of** Assessment of **Environmental Impact** 

No ecological problems are to be expected when the product is handled and used

with due care and attention.





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# 13. Disposal considerations

Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be disposed of Disposal according to relevant local, state and federal government regulations. Considerations

### 14. Transport information

Dangerous goods of Class 3 (Flammable Liquid) are incompatible in a placard **Transport** 

load with any of the following: Information

Class 1, Class 2.1, if both the Class 3 and Class 2.1 dangerous goods are in bulk, Class 2.3, Class 4.2, Class 5, Class 6, if the Class 3 dangerous goods

are nitromethane, Class 7.

1170 U.N. Number

**UN proper shipping** 

ETHANOL (ETHYL ALCOHOL)

**Transport hazard** 

3

class(es)

•2YE

**Hazchem Code Packing Group** ΙI **EPG Number** 3A1 **IERG Number** 14

### 15. Regulatory information

Regulatory Information All of the significant ingredients in this formulation are compliant with Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS) regulations. Not listed under WHS Regulation 2011, Schedule 10 - Prohibited carcinogens,

restricted carcinogens and restricted hazardous chemicals.

Not Scheduled **Poisons Schedule** 

## 16. Other Information

Literature References 'Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons .', Commonwealth of Australia.

National Road Transport Commission, 'Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail 7th. Ed.'.

Safe Work Australia, 'National Code of Practice fot the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals'

Standards Australia, 'SAA/SNZ HB 76:2010 Dangerous Goods - Initial Emergency

Response Guide', Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand. Safe Work Australia, 'Hazardous Chemical Information System'. Safe Work Australia, 'National Code of Practice for the Labelling of Safe

Work Hazardous Substances'.

Safe Work Australia, 'National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment'.

Contact Person/Point Paul McCarthy Ph. (08) 8440 2000 DISCLAIMER STATEMENT:

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technical representatives.

**Empirical Formula** & Structural Formula

CH3CH2OH

...End Of MSDS...

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